

# Epclusa® (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir) Use in Patients Previously Treated With Glecaprevir/Pibrentasvir

This document is in response to your request for information regarding the use of Epclusa® (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir [SOF/VEL]) in patients previously treated with glecaprevir/pibrentasvir (GLE/PIB).

Some data may be outside of the US FDA-approved prescribing information. In providing this data, Gilead Sciences, Inc. is not making any representation as to its clinical relevance or to the use of any Gilead product(s). For information about the approved conditions of use of any Gilead drug product, please consult the FDA-approved prescribing information.

The full indication, important safety information, and boxed warnings are available at: www.gilead.com/-/media/files/pdfs/medicines/liver-disease/epclusa/epclusa pi.

### Product Labeling<sup>1</sup>

In clinical trials in treatment-experienced adults, regimens contained PEG-IFNα/RBV with or without an HCV NS3/4A protease inhibitor (BOC, SMV, or TVR).

There is no information in the SOF/VEL product labeling about its use in patients previously treated with GLE/PIB.

## Clinical Data on SOF/VEL Use in Patients Previously Treated With GLE/PIB

#### **Case Reports**

There are limitations in the interpretation of case reports. Case reports cannot be generalized. Unlike controlled clinical trials, causality cannot be inferred based on uncontrolled observational data. Additionally, incidence or prevalence cannot be estimated due to the lack of a representative population sample. Other limitations of case reports include the retrospective design and publication bias.<sup>2</sup>

Three patients infected with HCV who did not respond to treatment with prior DAA therapies were successfully retreated with SOF/VEL + RBV, with undetectable HCV RNA by Week 4 of treatment and SVR24 achieved. None of these patients had cirrhosis, and none had a history of hepatocellular carcinoma.<sup>3</sup>

Table 1. Baseline Demographics and Disease Characteristics (Nonomura et al)<sup>3</sup>

Key Demographics and Characteristics	Case 1	Case 2	Case 3
Age, years	58	51	68
Gender	Male	Male	Female

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Key Demographics and Characteristics	Case 1	Case 2	Case 3
Prior DAA regimens	SOF + RBV, GLE/PIB	GLE/PIB	GLE/PIB
Prior IFN regimen	None	None	PEG-IFN + TVR + RBV
Outcome after latest DAA therapy	Relapse	Relapse	Breakthrough
HCV RNA viral load, log IU/mL	6.1	6.8	6.4
HCV genotype	1a	2a	3b

#### Case 13

A 58-year-old male patient was treated with SOF/RBV for 12 weeks and achieved SVR24. Sixteen months after he completed SOF/RBV therapy, the patient relapsed. Reinfection of HCV was suspected due to illicit IV drug use. The patient discontinued use of illicit IV drugs and received treatment with GLE/PIB for 8 weeks. The patient achieved SVR12; however, he relapsed 24 weeks after he completed therapy. No RASs were detected. Treatment with SOF/VEL + RBV was initiated and continued for 24 weeks. Hyperuricemia and mild elevations in liver transaminase levels were noted; however, no SAEs were reported. Forty-eight weeks after the patient completed therapy with SOF/VEL + RBV, HCV RNA remained undetectable.

#### Case $2^3$

A 51-year-old male patient with RASs in the NS5A region (L31M and P58S) was treated with GLE/PIB for 8 weeks. Eleven weeks after he completed therapy, the patient relapsed. No additional RASs were detected after treatment failure. SVR24 was achieved after SOF/VEL + RBV was initiated and continued for 24 weeks. No safety data, aside from weight loss of 5 kg during treatment, were reported.

#### **Case 3**<sup>3</sup>

A 68-year-old female patient, with a Fibrosis-4 index score >3.25 at baseline and a history of treatment failure with TVR + PEG-IFN + RBV, initiated treatment with GLE/PIB. Virologic breakthrough occurred in the fourth week of treatment, and GLE/PIB was discontinued. After treatment failure with GLE/PIB, ALT levels were elevated and indicated advanced fibrosis. Population sequencing identified an RAS in the NS5A region (Y93H). Treatment with SOF/VEL + RBV was initiated and continued for 24 weeks. The patient achieved SVR24. Headache and mild pruritus occurred during treatment; however, no SAEs were reported.

#### References

- 1. Enclosed. Gilead Sciences Inc, EPCLUSA® (sofosbuvir and velpatasvir) tablets, for oral use. US Prescribing Information. Foster City, CA.
- 2. Nissen T, Wynn R. The Clinical Case Report: A Review of Its Merits and Limitations. *BMC Res Notes*. 2014;7:264. https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/24758689
- 3. Nonomura A, Tamori A, Hai H, et al. Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir Plus Ribavirin Combination Therapy for Patients with Hepatitis C Virus Genotype 1a, 2a, or 3b after Glecaprevir/Pibrentasvir Therapy Failed. *Intern Med.* 2021. https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34024853

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#### **Abbreviations**

BOC=boceprevir DAA=direct-acting antiviral GLE=glecaprevir IFN=interferon PEG=pegylated PIB=pibrentasvir RAS=resistance-associated substitution RBV=ribavirin SAE=serious adverse event SMV=simeprevir SOF=sofosbuvir SVR12/24=sustained virologic response 12/24 weeks after end of treatment TVR=telaprevir VEL=velpatasvir

#### **Product Label**

For the full indication, important safety information, and boxed warning(s), please refer to the Epclusa US Prescribing Information available at:

www.gilead.com/-/media/files/pdfs/medicines/liver-disease/epclusa/epclusa pi.

#### Follow-Up

For any additional questions, please contact Gilead Medical Information at:

#### **Adverse Event Reporting**

Please report all adverse events to:

Gilead Global Patient Safety 1-800-445-3235, option 3 or www.gilead.com/utility/contact/report-an-adverse-event

FDA MedWatch Program by 1-800-FDA-1088 or MedWatch, FDA, 5600 Fishers Ln, Rockville, MD 20852 or www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/medwatch

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